Horse sickness in South Africa cenerally appears during the latter part of January and lasts three months. The resent outbreak is unusually early: Gen. Buller on the Defensive.

A dispatch from Chieveley, dated Tuesav. December 19, says:

The British naval guns have destroyed Colenso foot bridge, thus preventing Boers holding any position south of the Tugeia river. The enemy are taking

fresh positions on the eastern side near-the British camp.

The British position at Frere is being nugtioned. The Tugela river is rising, there is a prospect of heavy rains. "A two-hour bombardment of Lady-mith has been heard from here. Accord-ing to reliable native reports, the Boers and 200 killed in the fight at Colenso." The news that the Colenso foot bridge has been destroyed seems to show that in Faller is more anxious to keep the memy at buy than to attempt a further

Despite the severity of the censorship

pite the severity of the censorship, are being continually received of the is spread of Dutch disaffection in both the eastward district of Cape Colony Netal. A correspondent of the Dally at Pietermaritzburg says:

exten. of Dutch disaffection should the imperial authorities realize the linde of the task before them."

re are unconfirmed reports from Cape that Gen. Sir Charles Warren, coming the lifth division, has returned

Commandiat Demeillon, who was taken where he was confined on cruiser Penelope, has succeedmaking his escape.
Times this morning makes the fol-

We are informed that the government has a cided that it is not desirable to make further demands upon the European gar-rison in India, unless unforeseen difficulties

Ladysmith Garrison Indounted. An undated heliograph message from

Ladysmith, by way of Pletermaritzburg, represents the garrison as in no way dauntconfident of being able to hold out in-

The mails are just arriving from Lady All the correspondents comment upon the superiority of the Boer

The Times' correspondent says: "It is impossible to evade the opinion that if British gumers were in the Boer positions the loss of life and damage to property in Ladysmith would be ten times

The nelidays have brought no surcease of The helidays have brought no surcease of recruifing activity. Lord Alwyne Frederick Compton, unionist member of parliament for the Biggleswade division of Bedfordshire, will raise a corps of mounted men. Lord Salisbury's private secretary, Mr. Schomberg McDonnell, who is a volunteer officer, has volunteered for service.

The Seizure of American Flour. The action of the United States govern

uses considerable discussion regard ing the contraband question as affecting riagon bay and Portugal. Widely divercent opinions are expressed. The Daily in an editorial on the subject says

We believe that every provision has been ade in British treaties with the United ates for dealing with this matter. In a special circumstances of the present in the government is bound to regard od as contraband. No doubt the question in be satisfactorily settled by paying companion for the seizures of American or.

The question of neutrality, however, is the serious, and Great Britain's duty is have the Lourenzo Marques-Transvaal allway watched by capable agents and carn Portugal that she will be held lial damages for assistance to the Boers b

is of the railway."

Morning Post, on the contrary, arthat the government would be mad to food as contraband, as "such action d play into the bands of all possible e enemies of Great Britain." It adhowever, that steps should be taken money expended to search vessels and revent munitions of war entering the swall by way of Portuguese territory. Standard says: "We do not doubt this matter is receiving the govern-The Standard says: "We do not unhat this matter is receiving the government's serious attention. As the campaign nent's serious attention necessary to seize

The first batch of Boer prisoners has arrived in England. It is announced that the government has accepted another offer of squadron of Canadian rough riders.

DEATH OF ALLEY B. RORKE. Prominent Philadelphia Contractor

and Builder. PHILADELPHIA, December 26.—Allen Rorke, a prominent contractor and silder and republican politician of this city, died at his home here today. He was tricken with apoplexy after he had retired Sunday night, and this was followed by an attack of paralysis. He did not regain con-· fousness after the first attack Mr. Rorke was born in Philadelphia

March 21, 1846, and started in business for himself in 1870. He at once stepped into the front rank of his profession. He constructed the buildings of the national export exposition and new state capitol at . He also constructed a large prominent buildings in this city and vicinity, among which are the Phila-delphia Hourse building, the Betz office building, Spreckels' sugar refinery, Thomas Podan & Company's mills, Edwin Fitler & Company's cordinge works at Bridesburg, rear here, the Park Theater and the Manu-facturers' Club house. facturers' Club house.

He was chairman of the republican city campaign committee for two years.

LIST OF THE LOST.

Drowned by the Swamping of the Ariosto's Boats. CAPE HENRY, Va., December 26.-Pol

lowing is the list of men lost by the swamping of the Ariosto's boats in the surf hear Ocracoke, N. C., furnished by Mr. S. L. Dosher, United States weather bureau official, Hatteras:

second efficer; J. W. Scott, second engineer; E. Roberts, third engineer; J. W. Willeox, fourth engineer; Kyellin, donkeyman; Honuscher, chief steward; Neumann, second steward; Meninger, cook; S. Seger, mess room boy; Collin, Horrik, Law, Gis-biansen, Henriesen, Gustassen, saliors, and Hansen, Michael, Litsan, Hammertund, Ossteamship lies broadside to the beach

and apparently in good condition. Captain Baines, Chief Engineer Warren, Third Offi-cer Reed and six men, all that were saved, are still being cared for at the Ocracoke life saving station.

POWDERLY'S ALLEGED CRITICISM.

Secretary Gage Has Directed an Inquiry Into the Interview. Secretary Gage has directed an inquiry

to an alleged interview with T. V. Pow

derly, commissioner general of immigration, concerning the Treasury Department's ruling admitting twenty-nine Croatlans at the port of Baltimore. Forty-nine immigrants arrived from Croatia and twenty passed without question. The local board of inquiry at Bultimore decided that the twenty-nine, destined for Chicago, were brought ever in violation of the alien contract labor On the report of the board Mr. Powderly held that they were contract laborers

and ordered their deportation. The Secreand ordered their deportation. The Secre-tary of the Treasury overruled Mr. Pow-derly and admitted the Croatians. Mr. Powderly thereupon is alleged to have ut-tered some strong criticisms of Mr. Gage, intimating that he was not in sympathy with organized labor. The interview, com-lag to the attention of the Secretary, cre-ated some comment, and an inquiry was ated same comment, and an inquiry was started to settle the authenticity of the re-marks. Mr. Powderly declares that he has been misquoted, but the matter is still held open by the Secretary.

Gold Going Out Tomorrow NEW YORK, December 26.-Heidelbach lekisheimer & Co. will ship \$500,000 gold

on the steamer Teutonic, sailing for Europe

American Tobacco Dividend. NEW YORK, December 26.-The director of the American Tobacco Co. have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on its preferred and 1½ on its common stock, payable February 1.

Sessions of the Committee During Recess Not Probable.

Resolutions Providing for Constitutional Amendments.

ANTI-POLYGAMY AGITATION

ONE WILL LIKELY PASS

gating committee said today it is not likely that sessions of the committee will be held during the recess of Congress. One of the witnesses who might have appeared is detained in Utah by sickness in his family. and there is nothing for the committee to do at present.

It is the opinion of every one about Con gress who has followed the Roberts case and who knows the sentiment of the House that the committee will act adversely to Mr. Roberts and that the House will sustain the action by an overwhelming vote. It is but a question of time, therefore, when Mr. Roberts' case will be a closed incident, and ke will disappear from publiview.

Anti-Polygamy Agitation.

But the anti-polygamy agitation will not be over, however. Mr. Roberts' effort to obtain a seat in Congress have had the effect of drawing public attention to Utah and the polygamous practices of some of the citizens of that state. When Mr. Roberts defiantly declared the immunity which the Constitution gives in certain cases he only pointed the way for the removal of

he barrier.
Five joint resolutions have already been Five joint resolutions have already been introduced in the House proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States, aimed at polygamy. It is said to be reasonably certain that favorable action will be taken at this session upon some kind of a measure along this line. Of course it is understood that action by Congress is but preliminary, and ratification by the states is necessary to complete the act.

Mr. Capron's Amendment.

Mr. Capron's resolution disqualifies sen ators and representatives who are polyga mists, and also provides an amendment, as

"Article XVL-Section 1. The marriage relation, by contract or in fact, between one person of either sex and more than one person of the other sex shall be deemed polygamy. Neither polygamy nor any polygamous association or cohabitation between the sexes shall exist or be lawful in any place within the jurisdiction of the United States or of any state. through all of these exhibits."
"No, sir," said Mr. Osborne. "We will

inited States or of any state. "Sec. 2. The United States shall not, no ment was that the defendant's handwriting was disguised by being written verticulty and almost backward, and asked him to confine his attention to the proposition in exhibit "X," the request for a certain pamphiet, signed "Barnet," and exhibit 2 one of the admitted writings.

Mr. Tolman said in the word "please" there was a marked varying in the angle between the "a" and "s;" he spoke of the "fading impulses of energy," and the breaks between letters when the following was of an oval nature. The only disguise about the writing in exhibit "H" lay in the fact that it was written backward. In the shall any state, make or enforce any law which shall allow polygamy or any polygamous association or cohabitation between the sexes, but the United States and every state shall prohibit the same by law with

state shall prohibit the same by law within their respective jurisdictions.

"Sec. 3. The judicial power of the United States shall extend to the prosecution of the crimes of polygamy and of a polygamous association or cohabitation between the sexes under this article; and Congress shall have power to declare by law the punishment therefor.

"Sec. 4. Nothing in the Constitution or in this article shall be construed to deny to any state the exclusive power, subject to the provisions of this article, to make and enforce all laws concerning marriage and

about the writing in exhibit "H" lay in the fact that it was written backward. In the words "Yours very truly," occurring throughout all the writings, there was a marked and dominant resemblance.

The witness then went into the question of pictorial effect. He told of the same formation of letters in the Barnet and Cornish letters and in several of the standard writings. enforce all laws concerning marriage and divorce within its jurisdiction, or to vest

Mr. Shafroth's Proposition. Mr. Shafrotn's proposed amendment pro-

ides as follows "Section 1 Neither polygamy nor polyga-United States or any place subject to its

"Sec. 2. Polygamy or polygamous cohabitation, whether practiced within the bounds of a state or a territory of the United of a state of a territory of the United States, shall be treated as a crime against the peace and dignity of this republic.

"Sec. 3. No person shall be senator or representative in Congress, or elector, or President, or Vice President, or hold any other office of honor or emolument, whether child or military under the United State. civil or military, under the United States.

withings, he said.

Mr. Tolman began a comparison between the general pictorial effect of the poison package address and exhibit 21, Molineux s letter of resignation from the Knicker-bocker Athletic Club. It contains one or two of the same words that are found on the poison package address. The pictorial effect between the initial letters "K," "A" and "M" was compared.

The witness then said he considered that he had thoroughly covered the ground, and in answer to a question by Mr. Osborne, he said that the disguise attempted by the writer was purely superficial and amounted practically to no disguise at all.

"My conclusion," said the witness finally, "is that the same hand wrote all of the papers—the address on the poison package, the bogus Cornish and Barnet letters, and the admitted handwriting of the defendant."

"Is your opinion decided?" civil or military, under the United States, or under any state or territory thereof, or be permitted to vote at any election for any of said officers in either state or territory, who shall be found guilty of polygamy or polygamous cohabitation; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability in any specific case. "Sec. 4. The Congress shall have power to enforce the provisions of this article by provisions of this article b appropriate legislation."

Messrs. Bromwell and Grout. Mr. Bromwell's proposed amendmen

would provide: "Polygamy is hereby declared to be offense against the United States, and forever prohibited within them or any place subject to their jurisdiction, and no person subject to their jurismetten, and no person ergaged in the practice thereof shall hold any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States or any state. "Section 2. Congress shall have power to provide for the punishment of said offense

and to otherwise enforce this article by an propriate legislation."

Mr. Grout's proposed amendment is alnost identical with that of Mr. Shafroth

Mr. Showalter's Amendment.

Mr. Showalter's proposed amendment would provide:

That neither polygamy nor polygamous cohabitation shall exist within the United States or any place subject to its jurisdic-

"That polygamy and polygamous cohabi-

tation, whether practiced within the bounds of a state or territory of the United States, shall be treated as a crime against the peace and dignity of this republic.

"That no person shall be senator or representative in Congress or eligible to President or Vice President, or hold any other of the peace of the peac office of honor or emolument, whether civil or military, under the United States or inder any state or territory thereof, or be

permitted to vote at any election for any such officers in either state or territory who shall be found guilty of polygamy or polygamous cohabitation; but Congres may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house remove such disability in any specific case.

'That Congress shall have power to enforce the provisions of this article by appro-

priate legislation."

The resolutions proposing these amendments have been referred to the committee on the judiciary, and an effort will be made to have them taken up for consideration early in the session.

Gers a Long Sentence.

Randolph Cole was today convicted be fore Judge Kimball of severely cutting Edward Edelin, a young colored man, in the right arm with a knife last evening, and was sent to jail for eleven months and twenty-nine days. He was also charged with chasing John Ganny with a knife, and was given six months for that. A case of disorderly conduct was noile prossed.

James Bingham, who was charged with being concerned in the disorderly conduct case, was also sent down for thirty days.

Accidentally Shot.

While carelessly handling a pistol at No both admitted and disputed, indications of a nerve tremor, signifying a physical weakness. He said that he did not remember having made the latter part of the statement, but even if he had he could very readily demonstrate that the two statements were not contradictory.

Mr. Weeks then asked the witness if, had he been given only exhibit C, the Barnet letter asking for treatment for weakness, he could have formed an opinion from that alone. Mr. Tolman said he thought not. "That is all," said Mr. Weeks, and sat down. Mr. Osborne asked one or two unimportant questions, and Mr. Tolman was excused from the stand. 429 Wilson street northwest this morning left hand. Her wound, which was not serious, was dressed at the Freedman's Hospital.

The will of R. C. Ray, deceased, dated December 12, 1895, was filed this afternoon for probate. The estate of the testator to left to his wife, Anna Caroline Ray, who is named executrix.

Assigns for Benefit of Creditors. Martin Wolf, a furrier, whose place of business is on 11th street, between F and G streets, today made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. His liabilities amount to about \$16,000, and his assets to about \$6,500.

Tiresome Expert Testimony in the Molineux Case.

ing of the Accused and That

on Poison Package.

eedings in the trial of Roland B. Molineux,

charged with the murder of Mrs. Katherine

J. Adams, nearly one year ago, Henry L.

Tolman, the handwriting expert from Chi-eago, who was on the stand at the close of

last Friday's session, resumed the witness

Recorder Goff Impatient.

at the long-drawn description of the char-

acteristics of the writing. He said:

get down to the important exhibits."

Recorder Goff seemed to grow impatient

"District attorney, I don't see that it is

at all necessary for the witness to go

Mr. Osborne then called the witness' at-

tention to the fact that his original state-

ment was that the defendant's handwriting

Comish letters and in several of the stand-ard writings.

He passed rapidly through exhibits of disputed writing, "B" and "C," signed Bar-net, and "D," signed "Cornish," and spoke of the resembling features. Exhibit "G," signed "Cornish," he continued, contained the same characteristic and

the same characteristics and was plainly the writing of the same person. He needed no detailed comparisons with the standard writings, he said.

Mr. Tolman began a comparison between

Cross-Examined by Mr. Weeks.

Mr. Osborne then announced that his direct examination was concluded and the

witness passed into the hands of Mr.

weeks for cross-examination. Mr. Tolman

said he was given the exhibits for exami-

nation the day he arrived here, and that he

spent nearly five hours studying them that

night. He had then formed what he termed

an opinion. This opinion he had delivered

the next day at the coroner's inquest. He

had had about twenty pieces of writing,

"Do you remember identifying the signa-ure of the city clerk of Madison, Wis.?" isked Mr. Weeks. "I did not. I refused to identify it or to

pass on it."

Mr. Weeks asked the witness if he remembered testifying in a case in Hartford, Conn... and Mr. Tolman replied, testify:

'I never have been in Hartford in my life."

The witness told Mr. Weeks he was also

ongaged in many lines as an expert in fibers, cloth, paper and similar commodities. He was then asked if he had ever introduced before this case the theory of "energy impulse," and replied that it was not a new theory. He had never before had occasion to call such prominent attention to the matter of energy impulse as in this

Apparent Contradiction.

Mr. Weeks referred to the statement

made by the witness, that he found in the

writings of the defendant indications of

strong muscular power and of weak men-

He replied he remembered making such a

He was then asked if he remembered

saying later that he found in the writings,

both admitted and disputed, indications of

Local Pensions Granted.

Pensions were issued today to the follow-

ing residents of the District of Columbia:

Minors of John M. Sullivan, \$12; James Decker (war with Spain), \$12; George E. Ward, increase, \$12 to \$16.

They Are Expected to Arrive at Rosslyn Tomorrow Morning. Pointing Out Resemblances in Writ-

THE CEREMONIES AT ARLINGTON Capt. Sigsbee to Have Charge of NEW YORK, December 26.-With the pening today of the seventh week of pro-

A NAVAL PARADE

the Affair.

Taking up at once the thread of the ex-The special train of the Chesapeake and amination by Assistant District Attorney Ohio railway, bearing the remains of the Osborne where it was dropped on Friday Maine dead, is expected to arrive at Ross Mr. Tolman began to speak about the genlyn, Va., tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock From there they will be taken in a wagor ral characteristics of the admitted writing of the defendant and the disputed writing train to Arlington cometery, and placed in tents and shelter boxes. The transfer in evidence. He first chose the forged Barin evidence. He first chose the forged Barnet letter, asking for specialist treatment, doing so, he said, for the reason that, it seemed to him, to constitute a more natural handwriting than some of the others. In disguised writing, he said, the tendency was to exaggerate the characteristic of the writing he was attempting to imfate. No one could always eliminate from his writing his own personal pen characteristics. It is an infallible rule that any writer, in either simulated or dissimulated writings, will somewhere in the writings forget himself, fail to keep the disguise or simulation successfully and will allow his own pen habits to creep in. from the railroad station to the cemetery will be made by a non-commissioned officer and a guard of marifes, who will have charge of forty teams, composing a train of ten wagons. When the caskets are deposited in the tents, lists will be made and graves assigned, and the tents will be taker away as fast as vacated. Each casket will be draped with a storm flag, and the headboard, bearing the number of the grave placed on each casket. The quartermaster's successfully and will allow his own pen habits to creep in.

Then the witness went to the paper-covered blackboard to pictorially demonstrate the loops of the initial letters "F" and "H" in several of the admitted and disputed writings. He pointed out almost the invariable resemblance in the formation of the initial stroke of these two letters. It contained what he termed a "blind leap." This ,he said, was of great importance, in his opinion, because it was to be found in all the defendant's admitted writings and this became one of the most pronounced of department of the army has provided 175 storm flags for the occasion. A marine guard of twenty-five men, in command of a commissioned officer, will meet the cortege at the cemetery, and be maintained over the remains until after the interment

The Ceremonies Thursday. Barring accidents and unavoidable delays, the funeral ceremonies at Arlington all the defendant's admitted writings and this became one of the most pronounced of the characteristics in the handwriting in evidence. It was even found, he said, where the writer had attempted to bury the identity of his writing in the pen habits of another. The same characteristic was to be found with almost the same regularity in the formation of the letters "I" and "T." There were only one or two of the writings in evidence that did not contain what he termed "glaring and important" evidences of this characteristic. will take place at 11 o'clock Thursday morning. The ceremonies will be simple and dignified, and will consist of prayer the reading of Scripture, dirge by the

the reading of Scripture, dirge by the Marine Band and the firing of volleys over the graves. A covered stand, appropriately decorated with the national colors, has been erected at the site of the graves, for the use of the President and other distinguished personages who have indicated their intention of being present.

Capt. Sigsbee, commanding the battle ship Texas, which brought the remains home from Havana, will have charge of the ceremonies at the cemetery. There is a peculiar appropriateness in his selection for this service, as the dead, in whose honor thas ceremonies will be held, were members of his command when the ill-fated Maine was blown up with such fatal results in the harbor of Havana in February, 1898. Father Chidwick, who was chaplain of the Maine at that time, and who performed the sacred offices for the dead at the Spanish cemetery, will conduct the religious services at Arlington Thursday morning.

A Naval Parade. .. troop of cavalry from Fort Myer will probably assist in the ceremonies at the graves, but wiin this exception the demonstration will be entirely naval. There will be no parade in this city, and there is no intention of calling upon the War Department or the District National Guard for assistance. The escort will consist entirely of marines and a small body of bluejackets, headed by the full Marine Band, under Lieut. Santelmann. The band will render appropriate music at the cemetery, and the marines will fire volleys over the grave. "Taps" will probably be sounded by bugiers from the cavalry band at Fort Myer.

WILL LEAVE TONIGHT.

An Immense Throng Saw Bodies Transferred to the Special Train.

special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEWPORT NEWS, Va., December 26. After a stormy and disagreeable trip up the coast the battle ship Texas arrived safely in harbor. She lay out in the stream about a mile off pier 8, awaiting the transfer of the 151 bodies of the Maine's dead from her quarter deck to the C. and O. special, which will take them to Wash

About 10 o'clock an official visit was paid the Texas by Mayor Moss, representing the city; McLaughlin of the council, W. B. Vest, president of the Business Men's Asso-ciation; Capt. C. C. Berkley, 4th Immunes; Capt. J. E. B. Stuart, representing Col. Baker, 2d Virginia Volunteers.

The bodies were taken from the ship on a lighter draped in American flags. Every flag in the harbor was at half mast, in-cluding those on foreign records.

cluding those on foreign vessels.

The lighter touched the pier at 1:30 o'clock. The coffins were piled on it in two huge blocks of seventy-five each, covered huge blocks of seventy-five each, covered with immense flags and wreaths of white and green. Between the two blocks was the single coffin of Frederick C. Holzer of New York. The coffins were rapidly loaded into the baggage train without any ceremony, an immense throng of people silently watching the transfer.

The train will leave at 19 o'clock tonight and will reach Arlington at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. "Clear and decided. The defendant wrote all the papers under dispute."
Witness told Mr. Osborne that when he came here first from Chicago he had no intimation of what was wanted of him in the way of an opinion.

norrow morning.

QUESTION OF LICENSE.

Citizen Explains a Phase of a Local

W. C. Mason of 1517 5th street recently wrote the District Commissioners, on a postal card, that "the whole trouble of the log question is this: The police go around and take a census of the dogs, and that is the last of it. Now, you send them around again, and send the wagon with them. had had about twenty pieces of writing, consisting of the address on the poison package, the disputed Barnet and Cornish letters, and what he has since learned were standard writings of the defendant. He was not told at that time, he said, what were the standards, even though they were signed 'Roland Molineux.'

In answer to Mr. Weeks the witness said that he was paid for his services in this case at his usual rate of \$50 a day and traveling and hotel expenses. Witness recited one case in which he had testified to certain facts. He later got more full and sufficient documents and learned that he had been wrong in his opinion. He had acknowledged his error and returned his fee. When they find a dog without a tag, carry him to the pound, and let the owner do the rest. My next-door neighbor keeps three dogs on one tag. I told the police of it. He said it wasn't his business to look after

such things—and there you are."
The Commissioners referred the complaint to the health officer, and he in turn referred it to Poundmaster Einstein, who has

reported as follows:

"The officers detailed to accompany the wagons, whenever they discover a dog without a tag, notify the owner to procure a tag, or surrender the dog, or be prosecuted in the Police Court. By this means a number of dogs go to the pound that we could not get in any other way, as a majority of them never run at large. I would also call attention to the fact that the sanitary inspectors of this department have located and reported a large number of unlicensed dogs that were hidden away in back yards, boxes and cellars from the police officers." police officers."

The complainant has been informed in accordance with the report of the pound-

Patafully Injured. During a fraces this morning at 222 Wilson street James Paris was struck on the head with a beer bottle by John Smith and painfully cut, Smith escaped and Paris had his wound dressed at the Freedmen's Hos-

master.

Mrs. Gorman's Treat.
Friday afternoon, December 22, a rare treat, the gift of Mrs. Arthur P. Gorman, was enjoyed by Public School No. 1, district No. 6, of Howard county, Maryland, taught by Miss Alice S. Beason. Each of the little ones went home well supplied with good things. This is the third Christ-mas treat given the school by Mrs. Gor-man, who is the only Santa Claus known to some of the children.

Receives Serious Injuries

Michael J. O'Leary, a member of the hospital corps at the Washington barracks, while intoxicated, fell on top of a low nicket fence last evening, after dark, and abbed a hole in each side of his face, hereby inflicting two ug'y wounds. He was taken to the arsenal barracks.

SAN FRANCISCO. December 26. The transport Westminster, which sailed from here Sunday with 400 horses and mules and a cargo of fodder, has put back into port, having met with an accident to her machinery. She will probably sail again today.

Numerous Other Fish Removed From the Canal to the River.

Report of the Recent Seining Conducted by U. S. Fish Commission Experts-Luck at Woodmont.

Capt. L. G. Harron of the United States fish commission, who has been in charge of the groups of fish commission employer engaged in the work of seining the Chesa-peake and Ohio canal, finished the enterprise last Friday evening at Great Falls. The men began at Middlekauff's mills, about five miles above Williamsport, Md. and the result of the seining was excellent, notwithstanding the fact that Capt. Harron found that nearly all the good holes in th canal had already been seined by unknown parties before his arrival. There were many nets seen along the route and he observed two parties engaged in seining be served two parties engaged in seining be-tween White's ferry and Great Falls. Upon learning this Dr. W. P. Young, secretary-treasurer of the District of Columbia Game and Fish Association, wrote to Secretary Penniman of the Maryland Association, con-cerning this illegal practice, and the latter replied today that his society would take up the matter and endeavor to have the guilty parties punished.

An Excellent Report.

Capt. Harron reported that there had been taken from the canal and immediatey liberated in the Potomac river 4,236 small-mouth black bass; 410 rock bass, 627 crappie, 695 white perch, 220 yellow perch, 3,470 catfish, 3,850 sunfish, 4,800 suckers and nearly 80,000 minnows, the number of the latter being estimated by measure-

ment.

There were also taken 498 carp, which were either destroyed or given to people in the neighborhood where caught for food. Secretary James M. Green of the Woodmont Rod and Gun Club, which annually selnes the canal along the club preserves when the water is drawn off, has received a report from the superintendent that several hundred bass of large size had been transferred to the Potomac, as well as a great number of smaller ones.

BRUTAL MURDER IN BALTIMORE.

the following story:

"My wife and I have been sleeping in eparate rooms for several weeks, she oc separate rooms for several weeks, she occupying the second-story front room and I
the one in the rear on the same floor. She
came into my room and called me. We
had some words, and she attempted to
smother me with a feather bed. I resisted
and we had a tussle, during which she got
my hand in her mouth and bit it with her
teeth, which are false. I pushed her
away, but she returned and the struggle
continued. I found her throat with my
hands and choked her. She fell to the
floor. I felt something wet on my vest hands and choked her. She fell to the floor. I felt something wet on my vest and shirt, which I was wearing, and, feeling her body, found it wet also. I took off my clothes and hers also and burned them in the kitchen slove. I then went upstairs and dragged the body to the bath tub, where I left it, after covering it with a sheet. I had yelled 'Murder' and 'Police,' but had attracted no attention by the noise. I then went back to bed and slept until about 5:30 o'clock.

"I receive a pension of \$72 a month for the loss of my eyes, which happened at the battle of Fair Oaks in 1862, during the civil

battle of Fair Oaks in 1862, during the civil war, when a shell exploded, wounding me in the head and feet. I served in Company

A, 66th New York Regiment."

Livingston was locked up and the police went to the house, where they found the body of the woman in the bath tub, as Livingston had said. Both rooms gave evidence of a struggle Jealousy is thought to have been the motive for the crime.

FOR CANADIAN INVASION.

Dunkirk, N. Y., Said to Have Been Called on for 600 Men. BUFFALO, N. Y., December 26.-A special

BUFFALO, N. Y., December 26.—A special from Dunkirk says:

"The Fenians are said to be organizing bere for an invasion of Canada. A man known to have knowledge of the condition of Fenian affairs in Dunkirk says this city has been called upon to raise 600 men to form a part of New York's quota of the 125,000 men that are to be enrolled throughout the country. At the present time 500 men are known to be mustered with the Fenians here, and the remaining 100 will be obtained with little difficulty. It is currently reported and extensively credited that the Fenians have two carloads of arms. rently reported and extensively credited that the Fenians have two carloads of arms and munitions of war in concealment in or near this city. This material is said to have been in the possession of the Dunkirk Fenians for some years."

Not Credited by Officials.

The alleged attempts in different parts of the country to organize Fenians for a raid into Canada have not as yet been drawn to the attention of the State Department, and the attention of the State Department, and nothing is known there upon the subject beyond the matters set out in the newspaper publications. The officials do not give the smallest credit to these stories, and are of opinion that the purpose in setting them affoat is to frighten the Canadians into keeping their soldiers at home and failing to answer the appeal of England for volunteers for the African campaign.

Lord Pauncefole, the British ambassador Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, is too well experienced in American methods to make this matter the basis of official representations at this stage, and, indeed, it is said at the State Department that he has not even found it necessary to remonstrate against the alleged violation of neutrality involved in the recruiting of soldiers for the Boer army within the limits of the United States.

Boer Recruiting Being Watched. It is suggested that the explanation for this attitude is a preference on the part of the British to deal with such persons as may enlist here for the Boer army after may enlist here for the Boer army after they leave the boundaries of the United States, and it is not doubted that all of these movements that really promise to amount to anything are being carefully watched with a view to catching up with the volunteers at some convenient point at sea through the agency of a fleet cruiser. Should it turn out that a Fenian movement of the kind alleged to exist is actually discovered and brought to the attention of the United States government, sharp and prompt repressive action will be taken, not only to prevent the violation of the neutrality laws, but also to save the raiders themselves from such consequences of their actions as befel the unfortunate Fenian raiders of 1866.

Calculated to Cause Alarm.

Calculated to Cause Alarm. The talk of a Fenian raid is well calcuated to cause alarm on the Canadian side of the border, as the people of that section were greatly agitated during the former Fenian excitement. Although an actual movement occurred at that time, the chief trouble occurred over alarming reports of invasions which never took place. Something of a panic took possession of the Canadians on the border, and many women buried their household silver and valuables on the small islands of the border rivers, fearing that the Fenians were about to loot the towns. On the American side the excitement was intensified by local Fenian organizations, which drilled in apparent anticipation of a movement, although these proved to be purely local bodies more or les sympathizing with the movement, but wholly without systematic connection with the head organization. were greatly agitated during the former

Died From a Cat Bite.

K. Lefevre, a farmer of Greenland, aged forty-five years, died this morning from hydrophobia. He was bitten on the by a cat about four months ago, but did not feel any ill effects from the wound until Saturday, when his arm became stiff. By Sunday he was violently ill, and it be-came necessary to keep him under the in-fluence of opiates.

THE RUBERTS CASE RECORDER GREW IMPATIENT THE MAINE'S DEAD MANY FINE BASS SAVED FINANCE AND TRADE

Rally in Stocks Begun Saturday Was Kept Up.

UNION PACIFIC DREW ATTENTION

Result of Publication of Its Annual Statement.

GENERAL MARKET REPORT

NEW YORK, December 26.-The rally begun Saturday was resumed this morning under a moderate volume of miscellaneous business. Room traders covered recent sales, commission houses bought moderate amounts for investment and some buying for continental centers was reported. London's holiday helped to curtail the volume of business, but the dullness was acceptable after the recent flurry. Money rates ruled relatively easy throughout the day. There was no pressure to sell, and sentiment, for the most part, was hopeful to the extent that short selling was regarded as particularly hazardous.

Union Pacific issues attracted considerable attention upon the publication of its annual statement, showing 5.14 per cent earned on the common stock. This result is obtained after deducting charges of about 2 per cent, which are not ordinarily regarded as a charge against income. This showing is quite remarkable, and must, in more hopeful times, result in greater recognition. As it was, the announcement help-ed prices in all departments.

In the Granger group the response to the petter local feeling was less pronounced, probably because a great many shares of these issues have been bought lately, more from necessity than desire. Boston's needs were supplied to every sub-stantial degree by sales of Burlington and Atchison, and, without regard for intrinsic merit, it is reasonable to expect early sell-ing of the surplus holdings.

A Blind Man Chokes His Wife to Death.

BALTIMORE, December 26.—Franklin B. Livingston, a blind man, aged fifty-six years, choked his wife, Rosie Livingston, to death this morning at their home, 1160 Columbia avenue.

The first knowledge the police had of the crime was when Livingston walked into the Southwestern police station. Livingston gave his name and address and told the following estimated at upward of \$22,000,000.

This argument in normal times could scarcely fail of immediate and substantial results, but there are offsets just now to be considered.

be considered.

The Transval situation is a most important factor, and one of very doubtful results. The demands of the season at home may be met now that liquidation and panic have forced a distinction between price and value, but London has to go through a more or less trying week. The end of London's holiday may bring that center into the situation as a source of some anxiety if not alarm.

At home there are fears of a disturbed traffic situation, nothing very tangible as

At nome there are lears of a disturbed traffic situation, nothing very tangible as yet, but fears that the destruction of traffic associations may restore the survival of the fittest policy which a few years ago detracted from the dividends paid to share-holders.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Northern Pacine, pid...
Tacine Mail...
Tenne Mail...
Tennsylvania R. R...
Reading, ist pid...
Southern Pacine... Southern Kanway, pid. Texas racine.
Tenn. Coal and Iron.
Union Facine.
Union Facine.
Union Facine.
US. Leather, pid.
US. Kuoper.
Watern Union Tel.
Western Union Tel.
Contorate the Iron.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales rogular cail—12 o'clock m—Unned States 38, coupon, \$1,700 at 110%, \$500 at 110%, \$1,000 at 93%, \$1,000 at 110%, Ceptial Traction, 100 at \$3,25 at \$35%, 10 at \$53%, 5at \$35%, 10 at \$53%, 5at \$35%, 10 at \$53%, \$1 at \$34,25 at \$35%, \$1 at \$35%, \$2 at \$150%, \$2 at \$15 kumbia, 155 bid. Caoitai, 135 bid. West End, x119 bid. 123 erked. Traders', 123 bid. Lincoin, 129 bid.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies,—National Safe Deposit and Trust 185 asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 155 bid. 157 asked. American Security and Trust, 189 bid. Washington Safe Deposit, 70 bid. 75 asked.

Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 22 bid. 40 asked. Frankin, 40 bid. 50 asked. Metropolitan, 80 bid. 90 asked. Metropolitan, 80 bid. 30 asked. Corcoarn, 60 bid. Potomac, 773 bid. 75 asked. German-American, 200 bid. National Union, 10 bid. 154 asked. Affincton, 148% bid. 153 asked. German-American, 200 bid. National Union, 10 bid. 124 asked. Columbia, 13 bid. 14 asked. Riggs. 8% bid. 8% asked. People's, x8 bid. 7 asked. Commercial, 4 bid. 5 asked.

Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, x85 bid. 100 asked. Columbia Title, 5 bid. 5½ asked. District Title, 3½ bid. 3½ asked.

Raiiroad Stocks.—Capital Tracetlon Company, x93½ bid. 93½ asked. City and Suburban, 35 asked. Georgetown and Tennitytown, 18 bid.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, 54½ bid. 55% asked. Georgetown Gas, 55 bid. 47 asked. Misceilaneous Stocks.—Chesapeke and Potomac. 57½ bid. 60 asked. Pennsylvania, 38 bid. 47 asked.

Misceilaneous Stocks.—Chesapeke and Potomac. 57½ bid. 60 asked. Pennsylvania, 38 bid. 47 asked.

Misceilaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, x194% bid. 164, asked. American Graphophone, 12 bid. 125, asked. American Graphophone, 12 bid. 125, asked. American Graphophone, 21 bid. 125, asked. American Graphophone, 12 bid. 125, asked. American Graphophone, 12 bid. 125, asked. American Graphophone, 12 bid. 126, asked. American Graphophone, 12 bid. 126 asked. Pennsylvania, 38 bid. 47 asked. 125 asked. Seamboat, 140 bid. Lincoin Hall, 65 bid. 70 asked.

FEX. dividend.

Government Bonds

Baltimore Markets BALTIMORE, Md., December 26.—Flour unchanged—receipts, 26,063 barrels; exports, barrels. Wheat very dull-spot and month, 70½; January, 10¾a71; May, 74a744; steams 2 red 654.668 receipts 53.301 boubles expo-

southern wheat by sample, 66a72; do, or grade, 673a7134. Corn very dull—spot, month and December, new or old, 365ga37; January, 373a3734; February, 375ga373; March, 373; steamer mixed, 353a355; cecelpts, 428,682 bushels; exports, 456.566 bushels—southern white and yellow corn, 353 3745. Oats steady—No. 2 white, 304ga31; No. 2 nearby, 54; No. 2 vestern, 59. Hay steady—No. 1 timothy, 515a315,50. Grain freights very dull, unchanged. Sugar strong—granulated, 35,39. Cheene dull—large, 134ga155,50. Grain freights very dull, 135ga132. Butte—firm—fancy crasmery, 25a284; do, lmittation, 22a44; do, ladie, 20a21; good ladie, 19a20; store packed, 16a18; rolls, 17a21. Eggs firm—21c. per d zen.

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers. 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. La-denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York.

Genours, Tagmanian Corona Chicago, December 26—Grain:
CHICAGO, December 26—Grain:
Open, High, Low.
Wheat—May. 694, 694, 694, 694,
July. 704, 704, 694,
Corn—May. 38, 384, 327,
Oats—May. 2374, 4, 235, 4, 235, 233 + 233 - 233 er 26 - 27 er 26 - Provisions:
Open. High. Lew.
10.05 10.05 10.05 10.02 10.42 10.35
5.50 5.50 5.67
5.75 5.75 5.67
5.27 5.27 5.25
5.50 5.50 5.42
mber 20 - 234 - 234 CHICAGO, Dece NEW YORK, Dece

MOODY OBSEQUIES.

Funeral Services Held at East Northfield Today. EAST NORTHFIELD, Mass., December

26.—The funeral services over the remains of Dwight L. Moody were held at the Congregational Church here today before a very large audience. Men who for many years have been connected with Mr. Moody's work took part.

Rev. C. I. Scofield, D. D., officiated, assisted by Rev. R. A. Torrey of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago. There were services at the late residence of Mr. Moody early in the day, only relatives and close friends being present. Dr. Scofield read the Scriptures, and Mr. Torrey offered When the family had withdrawn, the

When the family had withdrawn, the corpse, which had been permitted to remain upon a leather couch, was placed in the casket, which was of simple design, black-covered and open at full length. The body was borne to the church on an oblong, black-covered bier by about forty students from the Northfield Institute. Before the bier was raised white roses were sprinkled about the casket. Dr. Scofield and Mr. Torrey led the procession, while following the bier came the following honorary pall-bearers: Ira D. Sankey and honorary pall-bearers: Ira D. Sankey and George C. Stebbins of Brooklyn; R. C. Morse and D. W. McWilliams, New York; Rev. W. J. Herdman and Rev. George C. Needham of Philadelphia.

The bier was placed in front of the pul-plt and the lid of the casket was removed, plt and the lid of the casket was removed, showing a spray of palm and ivy extending from the feet to the breast. A large number of villagers and visitors then began to file past the body. Mr. Moody's face had every appearance of one enjoying peaceful sleep.

The body remained on view in the church until 2 o'clock. At the public funetal service the music was rendered by the choir of 150 students. An invocation was followed by the Scripture lesson, read by Rev. A. T. Pierson of Brooklyn.

Dr. Scofield then delivered the eulogy, in which he gave an estimate of the man and his work.

his work.

The Rev. Mr. Torrey followed Dr. Sco-field. His eulogy was based upon Mr. Mr. School and School an field. His eulogy was based upon Moody's life as exemplifying the grad God.
Following Mr. Torrey remarks were made by the Rev. H. G. Weston of Crozier Theological Seminary, Chester, Pa.; the Rev. A. T. Pierson of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Bishop Mallalieu of Boston and Rev. J. W. Chapman of New York.
The body was then carried to the burdel.

The body was then carried to the burlal place at Round Top.

The chorus sang Jesus, Lover of My Soul, and, after prayer and a benediction, the body was lowered to its resting place.

Eulogy of the Dead Evangelist. The eulogy was delivered by the Rev. C J. Schofield, who said of the dead evan

"We are met, dear friends, not to mourn a defeat, but to celebrate a triumph. He walked with God and he was not, for God took him. There in the west in the presence of great audiences of 12,000 of his
fellow men, God spoke to him to lay it all
down and come home. He would have
planned it so. This is not the place nor am
liss, at the place of the life
and character of Dwight L. Moody. No
lies, lone will ever question that we are today
laying in the kindly bosom of the earth
the mortal body of a great man.
"Whether we measure greatness by character, by qualities of intellect, or by things
alone, Dwight L. Moody must be accounted
great. The basis of Mr. Moody's character,
by qualities of intellect, or by things
alone, Dwight L. Moody must be accounted
great. The basis of Mr. Moody's character
westerate aversion to all forms of sham,
unreality and pretense. Most of all did he
detest religious pretense, cant.
"Along with this fundamental quality took him. There in the west in the

Mr. Moody cherished a situation concerni-eousness. His first question concerni-proposed action was, 'is it right?'

cousness. His first question concerning any proposed action was, 'Is it right?' But these two qualities, necessarily at the bottom of all noble characters, were in him suffused and transfigured by divine grace. Besides all this, Mr. Moody was in a wonderful degree brave, magnanimous and unselfish. Doubtless this unlettered New Engiand country boy became what he was by the grace of God.

"The secret of Dwight L. Moody's power lay: First, in a definite experience of Christ's saving grace. He had passed out of death into life, and he knew it. Secondly, Mr. Moody believed in the divine authority of the Scriptures. The Bible was to him the verse of God, and he made it resound as such in the consciences of men.

"Thirdly, he was baptized with the Holy Spirit and knew that he was. It was to him as definite an experience as his conversion. as definite an experience as t

"Fourthly, he was a man of prayer. He believed in a living and unfettered God.
"But fifthly, Mr. Moody believed in work, in ceaseless effort, in wise provision, in the power of organization, of publicity.
"I like to think of Dwight L. Moody in heaven. I like to think of him with his Lord and with Elijah, Danlei, Paul, Augustine, Luther, Wesley and Finney.
"Farewell, for a little time, great heart! May a double portion of the spirit be vouchsafed to us who remain!" Fourthly, he was a man of prayer. He

FORT SMITH SENT AID.

Ark., This Morning.

VAN BUREN, Ark., December 26.-Mur-ta's Opera House and Hinckel's Hall were burned today, and the stocks of the Van Buren Hardware Company; John Hinckel, general merchandise; W. H. Ross, drugs, and several smaller stores were destroyed causing a loss estimated at \$100,000. A call was sent to the Fort Smith fire department, which helped to save the remainder of the block.

EXPIRES SUDDENLY. Stricken With Fatal Illness While at

William H. B. Kittson died at the Emer rency Hospital last evening from an attack of heart disease. He was at the table in a lunch room on E street near 13th street when he became unconscious and died soon after being removed to the hos-

pital.

He was about fifty-five years of age and
was employed in the record and pension
division of the War Department. PROBABLY FATAL INJURIES.

ged Man Hart While Attempting to Cross Car Tracks. Daniel Garvey, an aged man, who has two sons on the police force, was injured

by an electric car at Des Molnes street and Brightwood avenue this afternoon. His right leg was broken and his head cut. It is believed he will die. The police of the eighth precinct arrested the motorman and conductor, and took them to the station to await the result of the man's injuries Mr. Garvey is about eighty years old, and has been living at the establishment of the Little Sisters of the Poor. He had been visiting his son, Charles E. Garvey, who lives near the scene of the accident, and while attempting to cross the tracks to board a car in order to return to the city

was struck by the car going in the direction.

He was taken to the residence of D. Stone, where he received surgical al-Later he was taken to Freedmen's He-pital. He was in an unconscious cond.